



# Centre of Excellence for Biodiversity and Molecular Plant Breeding (CoE CroP-BioDiv): Objectives and Activities

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### CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE

### 2014/2015

### - 13 Centers of Excellence have been established

No.	Centre	Field
1	CoE for Advanced Materials and Sensing Devices	Natural Sciences
2	CoE for Science and Technology	Natural Sciences
3	CoE for Quantum and Complex Systems and Representation of Lie Algebras	Natural Sciences
4	CoE for Reproductive and Regenerative Medicine	Biomedicine
5	CoE for Research in Viral Immunology and the Development of New Vaccines	Biomedicine
6	CoE for Basic, Clinical and Translational Neuroscience	Biomedicine
7	CoE for Biodiversity and Molecular Plant Breeding	Biotechnical Sciences
8	CoE for Marine Bioprospecting	Biotechnical Sciences
9	CoE for Personalised Health Care	Inter-disciplinary
10	CoE for Data Science and Cooperative Systems	Technical Sciences
11	CoE for Integrative Bioethics	Humanities
12	CoE for Croatian Glagolitism	Humanities
13	CoE for School Effectiveness and Management	Humanities
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- status of the CoE may be prolonged for the next five years

- established for a period of five years

### THE PROJECT

### 2017

- call for projects
   financed by Ministry of Regional Development and EU Funds
   (European Structural and Investment Funds;
   Operational Programme Competitiveness and Cohesion 2014/20)
- for 10 CoE from a STEM field
- overall budget: ~50,000,000.00 EUR
- project

Biodiversity and Molecular Plant Breeding

Coordinated by: CoE CroP-BioDiv

Start of project : 01/01/2018

Duration: 5 years

Budget: ~5,000,000.00 EUR

# CoE CroP-BioDiv

# + 5 Member Institutions

PFOS

# Host Institution



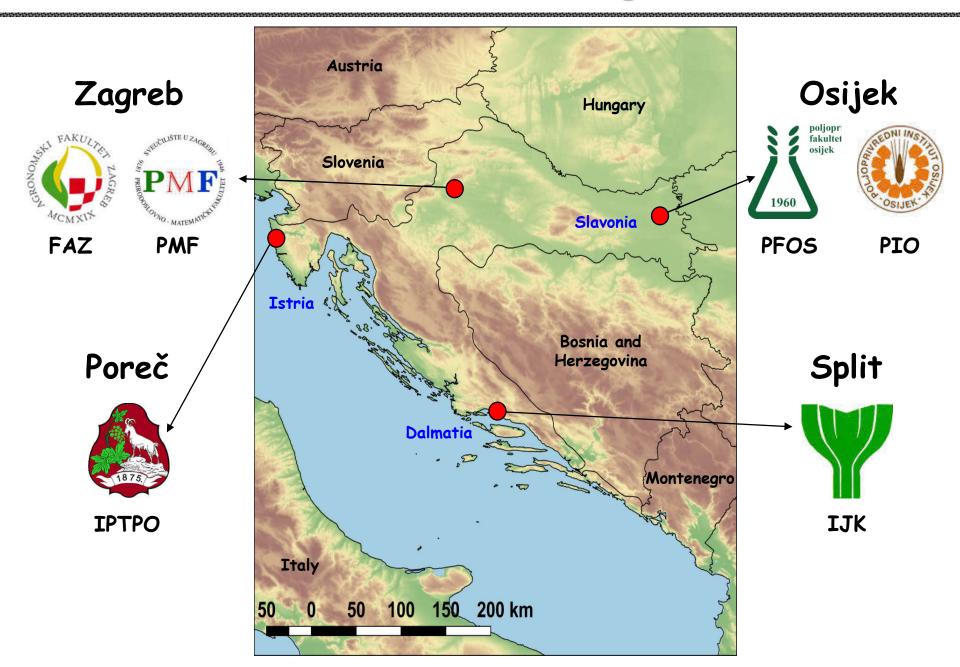




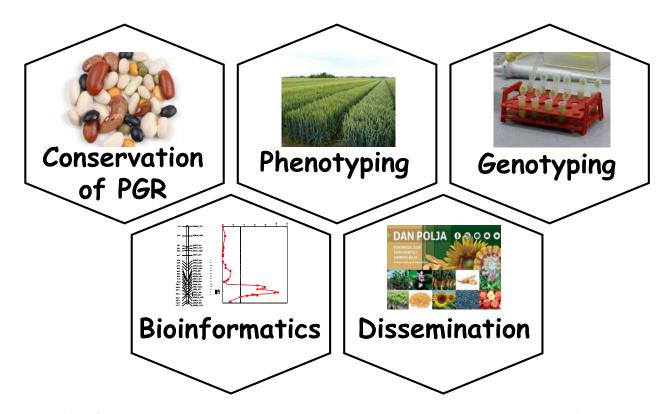




# CoE CroP-BioDiv >> Regions



### **OBJECTIVES**



Conservation of Plant Genetic Resources >> increase the benefits

- Phenotyping >> high-throughput phenotyping (HTP) platforms
- Genotyping >> next-generation sequencing (NGS) techniques
- Bioinformatics >> genome-wide association studies (GWAS)
- Dissemination >> workshops, summer schools

### 1 CONSERVATION OF PGR

# Objective:

Increase of benefits arising out of use of plant genetic resources for food and agriculture

# Background:

National Programme for Conservation and Sustainable Use of PGRFA

- numerous collections / limited budget

- 1. Further characterization and evaluation of accessions on agronomic, biochemical and genetic levels
- 2. Create a stong link between germplasm collections, scientific research and breeding programmes

### 2 PHENOTYPING

# Objective:

Apply novel phyenotypic tools for the analysis of plant traits

# Background:

- reseach infrastructure: many small reseach groups, underutilized equipment, obsolete technology
- new solutions: high-throughput phenotyping

- 1. Optimization of phenotyping protocols
- 2. Establish links with key institutions possessing infrastructure for high-throughput phenotyping

### 3 GENOTYPING

# Objective:

Introduce novel genotyping methods

# Background:

- reseach infrastructure: many small reseach groups, underutilized equipment, obsolete technology
- new solutions: next-generation sequencing techniques

- 1. Otpimization of genotyping protocols
- 2. Evaluate and compare new genotyping methods accoring to the specific needs

### 4 BIOINFORMATICS

# Objective:

Implement novel statistical methodology

# Background:

- hundreds of PCs; underutilized facilities at the University Computing Centre (SRCE) in Zagreb
- new solutions: genome-wide association studies (GWAS)

- 1. Relocate the data management and analysis processes from servers and PCs to computer clusters
- 2. Develop pipelines for big data bioinformatics

### 5 DISSEMINATION

# Objective:

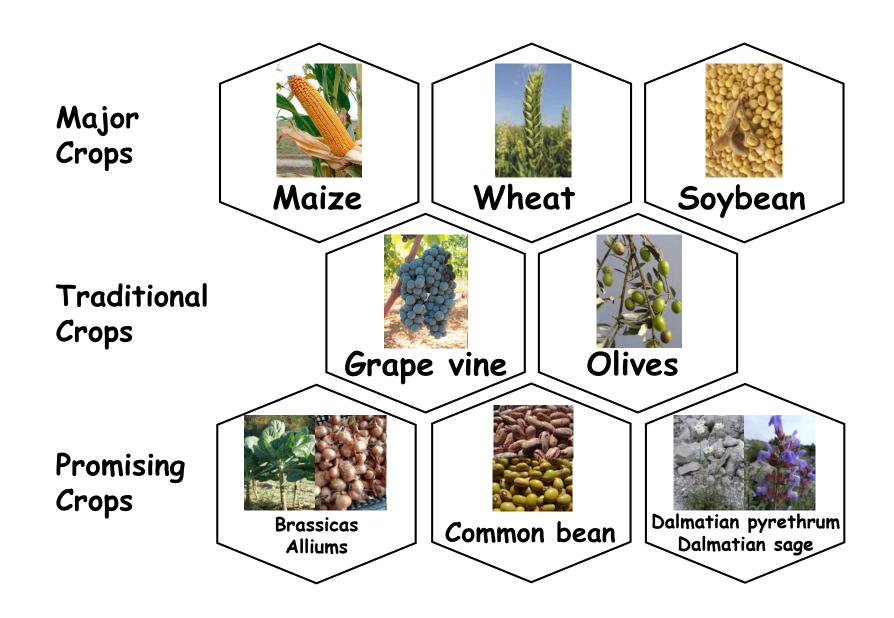
Communicate the activities of the CoE

# Background:

- small and disconected research groups
- ineffective transfer of knowledge
- general public: misconceptions about plant breeding

- 1. Academia: scientific papers, workshops, summer schools, scientific conference
- 2. Farmers and entrepeneurs in agriculture: joint activities, round tables
- 3. General public: popular articles, internet, radio, TV

# MODEL PLANT SPECIES



### 1 MAJOR CROPS

- maiz, wheat, soybean

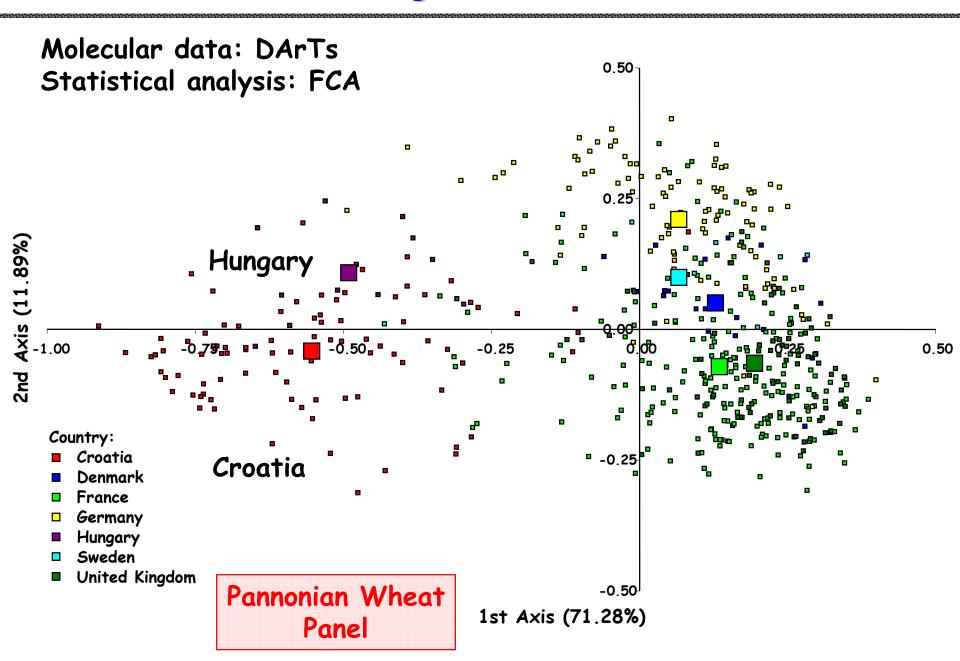
# Background:

- plant breeding programmes based on classical breeding methods

### Goal:

- introduction of molecular breeding methods
- next-generation sequencing; GWAS
- traits: physiological traits quality traits resistance traits

# e.g. WHEAT



### 2 TRADITIONAL CROPS

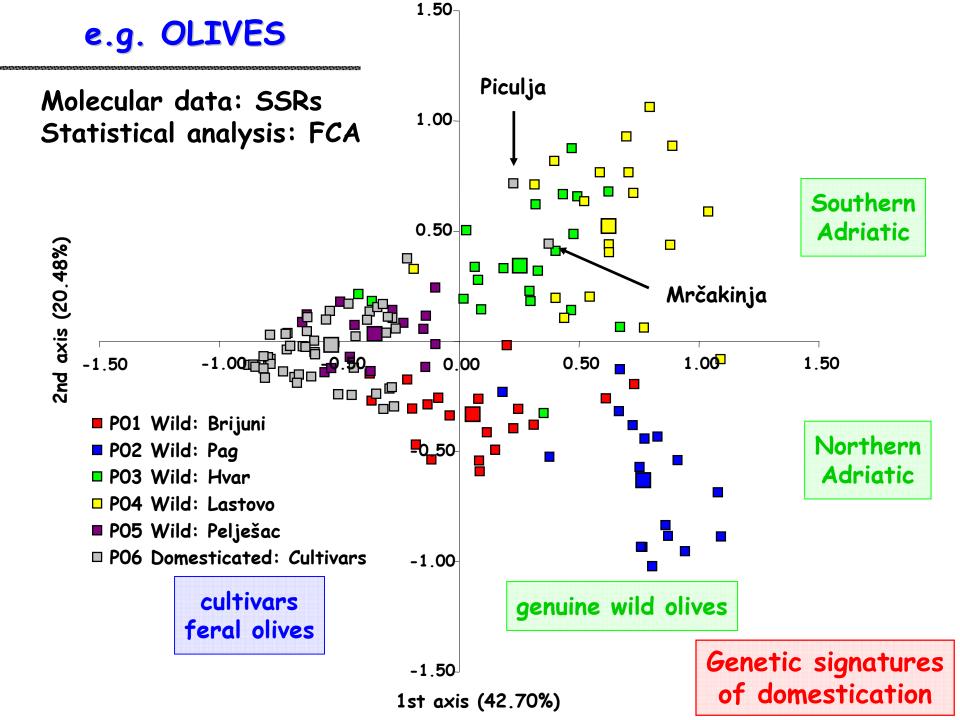
- grape vine, olives

# Background:

- numerous traditional cultivars
- nursery production

### Goal:

- detailed characterization of traditional cultivars (homonymy, synonymy, intracultivar diversity)
- introduction of molecular markers techniques in nursery production
- olives: phenotyping/genotyping of wild olive genetic resources



### 3 PROMISING CROPS

- Brassicas/Alliums, common bean, Dalmatian pyrethrum/sage

# Background:

- no breeding programme
- richness of plant genetic resouces

Brassicas: traditional cultivars (collard greens: B. oleracea var. acephala)

wild relatives (B. incana, B. botterii, B. cazzae, B. mollis)

Alliums: traditional cultivars (onion, garlic, shallot...)

Common bean: traditional cultivars

Dalmatian pyrethrum/sage: wild populations

### Goal:

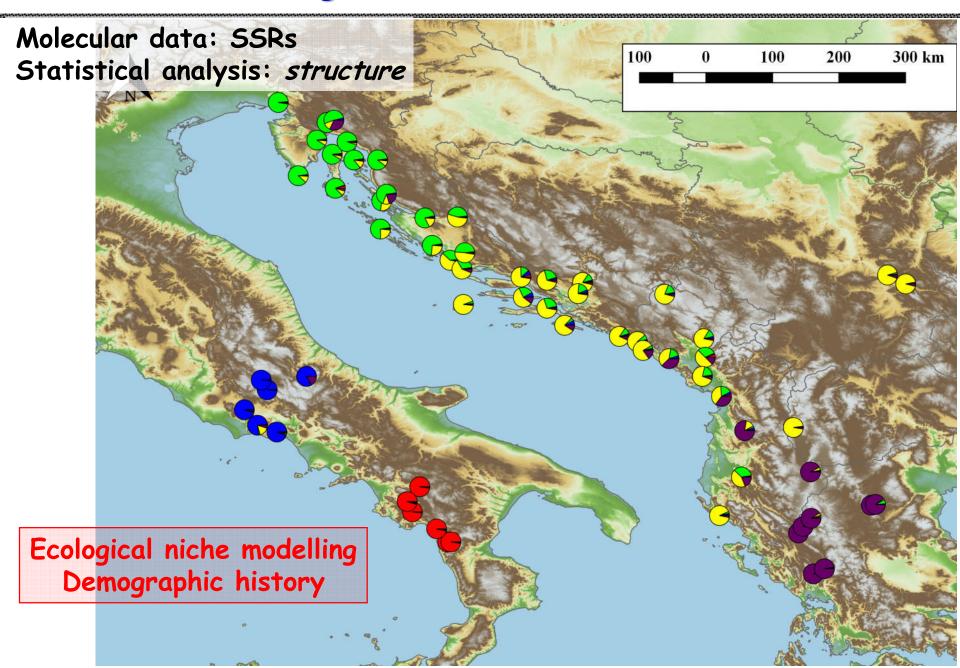
Brassicas/Alliums: biochemical/genetic analyses; phylogeny

Common bean: QTL for bioactive nutrient content

Dalmatian pyrethrum: population genetics; pyrethrins

Dalmatian sage: population genetics; chemotypes

# e.g. DALMATIAN SAGE





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